



# Impact assessment Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio Belgium

**Project:** Impact Assessment Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio Belgium

**Subject:** Reduced CO<sub>2</sub>-emission calculation

Date: September 2024

Status: Final

As requested by Crelan, CFP Green Buildings has been tasked to compare the greenhouse gas emissions<sup>1</sup> of a specific, energy-efficient group of mostly residential Real Estate (in this document indicated as Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio<sup>2</sup>) to that of a comparable group of real estate with an average energy efficiency (indicated as "Reference" or "Reference Group"3). The objective of this analysis is to demonstrate that the selected buildings belong to the top most sustainable buildings in Belgium. This document outlines the results of this analysis.

### The Eligible Green Building Portfolio

A total of 21,907 assets have been selected by Crelan Green Bond Framework.pdf (crelan.be) as eligible for Crelan's Green Buildings Portfolio.

Crelan's Green Buildings Portfolio consist of either:

1) loans for buildings with EPC ≥A or belonging to the top 15% of the

- national stock or regional building stock expressed as operational Primary Energy Demand (PED) and demonstrated by adequate evidence, as required by the EU Taxonomy
- 2) loans for buildings with energy performance of at least 10% lower than the local threshold set for nearly zero building (NZEB) requirements.

To determine the top 15% of sustainable regional building stock, Crelan has developed a methodology stipulated in their Green Bonds Asset Selection Methodology report<sup>4</sup> which takes into account the European and regional regulations on energy performance, as well as publicly available data on building stock and energy consumption.

For the region of Flanders, the following eligibility criteria apply: loans for residential buildings with EPC A or loans granted for new constructions with the first loan drawing as from 2017. For Wallonia, the eligibility criteria are: loans for residential buildings with EPC A or B or loans granted for new constructions with the first loan drawing as from 2014. For the Brussels region, the applicable eligibility criteria are: loans for residential buildings with EPC A or B or loans granted for new constructions with the first loan drawing as from 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Greenhouse gas emissions are calculated in CO<sub>2</sub>-equivalent, which will be referred

to as CO<sub>2</sub> throughout this document.

<sup>2</sup> When referring to the Eligible Asset Portfolio in this document, we refer residential buildings in Flanders, Brussels and Wallonia.

The Reference Group represents the average  $CO_2$ -emissions of residential buildings in the Brussels, Flanders and Wallonia regions, taking the floor area of the eligible assets into account.

Green Asset Selection Methodology\_June2023.pdf (crelan.be)



## **Group Composition**

The group composition of the 21,907 objects is shown in Table 1. Residential buildings have the largest footprint, with 97% of total square meters. Some identified assets were omitted from the group composition as they were land only assets containing no buildings.

Property type	#	m²	Footprint
			%
Residential	21,673	2,697,864	<97%
Retail	2	109	<1%
Office	123	29,302	1%
Storage &	104	48,685	2%
Distribution			
Community,	5	916	<1%
conference,			
restaurant			
Total	21,907	2,776,876	100%

Table 1: Group composition Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio.

# Methodology

### Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio

One of the key data points required to calculate the expected CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions of the 21,907 selected objects is the size of these assets expressed in m<sup>2</sup>. As this data was not readily available by Crelan, these data points were sourced from the Belmap database via GIM<sup>5</sup> utilising address matching methods to source building data based on the addresses provided by Crelan. The majority of the database was able to be matched with an address within the Belmap database to enrich the data with the assets' m2. The remainder of the data was enriched with calculated area averages per property type for each of the eleven provinces. If there were insufficient datapoints to calculate a reliable average (<10 assets), then the average for that property type within the region or the country was applied.

In this study, the  $CO_2$ -emissions of 21,907 objects, as selected by Crelan, was determined using the calculated energy consumption of these objects.

The energy usage (kWh) for the assets in Crelan's Green Buildings Portfolio is calculated based on the algorithms and benchmarks from the expert system of CFP Green Buildings. CFP's Expert system is a database consisting of actual energy data of buildings. A section of this anonymised data provides live energy data derived from CFP's Energy Monitoring projects.

Table 2 shows the calculated real energy consumption of the Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio. This includes all energy sources used to heat and operate the buildings. The calculated energy consumption for the eligible assets is 309 million kWh. The total calculated energy intensity is 111 kWh per m<sup>2</sup>.

Region	Total energy	Energy
	(kWh)	intensity
		(kWh/m²)
Brussels	13,823,674	107
Wallonia	129,336,118	111
Flanders	166,241,842	112
Total	309,401,633	111

Table 2: Energy consumption Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio

The CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions in this report were calculated with the Belgium market standard conversion factors, derived from CO2emissiefactoren.be. The applied factors are illustrated in Table 3 below.

<sup>5</sup> Data | GIM



#### Applied GHG emission factors<sup>6</sup>

Natural gas	0.229	kg CO₂e /kWh
Electricity	0.167	kg CO₂e /kWh
Wood pellets	0.215	kg CO₂e /kg
Oil	3.468	kg CO₂e /litre
Coal	2.31	kg CO₂e /kg

Table 3: Belgian CO2-emission factors

Across the three distinct regions within Belgium - Brussels, Wallonia and Flanders the energy mix and therefore emission factor for every kWh varies. Using the emission factors from Table 3, a blended emission factor was calculated per region by taking into consideration the energy source split across the region for space and water heating within buildings and the portion of the building's total energy consumption which is attributed to heating.

Utilising the greenhouse gas emission factors per fuel type listed in Table 3 and the fuel splits per region, a blended emission factor per kWh was calculated for each region as stipulated below in Table 4. The relevant emission factor was then applied to each asset in the Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio, multiplied against the calculated kWh consumed per building to determine the asset's CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions.

#### CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per kWh per region

Brussels	0.228	kg CO₂e per kWh
Wallonia	0.259	kg CO₂e per kWh
Flanders	0.216	kg CO₂e per kWh

Table 4: Blended emission factors per kWh

### Reference Group

this study, the calculated energy consumption of the Reference Group was determined based on data from open government sources and databases and CFP7.

Buildings in Brussels consume an average of 220 kWh/m²/year8, while buildings located in Wallonia or Flanders are, on average, less energy efficient, consuming 4049 and 35610 kWh/m²/year.

Belgium's average CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per square meter per region are calculated based on these sources, and the emissions shown in Table 5. These averages are regularly updated as the public sources are also updated regularly. The numbers used for the calculations in this report are given in the table below11.

#### CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per m<sup>2</sup> per region

Brussels	50.249	kg CO₂e per m²
Wallonia	104.697	kg CO₂e per m²
Flanders	76.763	kg CO₂e per m²

Table 5: Average emissions per region

In order to determine the CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions for the reference group, the reference emissions for each asset in the Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio was calculated by multiplying the m<sup>2</sup> by the relevant factor above in Table 5.

# CO<sub>2</sub>-emission – Estimated positive impact

Table 6 shows the total CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions of the Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio and the reference group based on the calculated energy consumption and the blended emission factors. The total CO2-emission of the Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio is 72,558 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per year. The Reference CO<sub>2</sub>emission is 242,275 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per year. This is a reduced amount of 169,717 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per year.

<sup>2</sup>emissiefactoren.be) using the emission factor for grey electricity unknown, WTW.

not grey electricity unknown, wilvi. 7 The reference group has the same floor area as the eligible objects. The CO<sub>2</sub>-emissions are calculated by CFP algorithms taking into account the energy usage of all residential buildings in Brussels, Wallonia and Flanders.

Aandacht voor langetermijndoelstellingen appartementsgebouwen (be-reel.be)

The emission factors of Table 3 are used.



<b>GHG Emission</b>		
Crelan Green		GHG
Buildings	<b>GHG Emission</b>	Emission
Portfolio	reference	reduction
(tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> )	(tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> )	(tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> )

Table 6: CO2-emission Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio compared to Reference

The Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio is therefore estimated to emit 169,717 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> less than the Reference Group, which is a reduction of 70%.

#### Conclusion

The following conclusions are drawn from this study:

 Based on the calculated real energy consumption, the Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio has a CO<sub>2</sub>-emission that is 169,717 tonnes per year lower than the reference, which is a reduction of 70%.

- The primary energy consumption is calculated at 111 kWh/m² for the whole portfolio.
- The current indexed loan to value of the Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio is 55.9%. The total financed emissions under the mortgage loan receivables are 40,560 tonnes CO2 per year.<sup>12</sup>
- All buildings in the Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio meet the EU Taxonomy Substantial Contribution to Climate Change Mitigation by meeting the eligibility criteria stipulated in the Crelan Green Bonds Asset Selection Methodology (June 2023).

Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio

<sup>12</sup> The current indexed loan to value of the Crelan Green Buildings Portfolio is based on the most recently available revaluation of the buildings provided by Stadium (Stadim, your reliable guide to real-estate strategy and valuation).

